

**Chapter  
6 Test**

Simplify the expression. Write your answer using only positive exponents.

$$1. \frac{2^{-3}x^0}{y^{-4}} \cdot \frac{x^0 y^4}{2^3} = \frac{y^4}{8}$$

anything to zero power equals 1

$$2. 3^0 + 5^{-3} = 1 + \frac{1}{5^3}$$

$$4. (-4x^2)^3 = (-4)^3 (x^2)^3 = -64x^6$$

$$5. \left(\frac{1}{3a^3}\right)^{-4} = \left(\frac{3a^3}{1}\right)^4$$

$$6. 12c^{-7}d^6 = \frac{12d^6}{c^7}$$

Evaluate the expression.

$$7. \sqrt[3]{-216} = -6$$

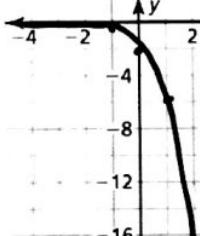
$$8. \sqrt[3]{64^5} = 4^5 =$$

$$9. \sqrt[3]{-8}^2 = (-2)^2$$

Graph the function. Describe the domain and range.

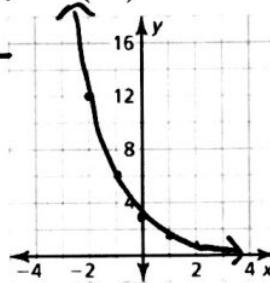
$$10. y = -2(3)^x$$

x	$-2(3)^x$	y
-2	$-2(3)^{-2}$	-2/9
-1	$-2(3)^{-1}$	-2/3
0	$-2(3)^0$	-2
1	$-2(3)^1$	-6
2	$-2(3)^2$	-18
3	$-2(3)^3$	-54



$$11. y = 3(0.5)^x$$

x	$3(0.5)^x$	y
-3	$3(0.5)^{-3}$	27
-2	$3(0.5)^{-2}$	12
-1	$3(0.5)^{-1}$	6
0	$3(0.5)^0$	3
1	$3(0.5)^1$	1.5
2	$3(0.5)^2$	0.75
3	$3(0.5)^3$	0.375



Solve the equation. Check your solution.

$$12. 3^x = \frac{1}{81} \quad 3^x = 3^{-4}$$

$$x = -4$$

$$13. 25^{2x-3} = 125^{x+1}$$

$$(5^2)^{2x-3} = (5^3)^{x+1}$$

15. You buy a used car for \$6599. Its value decreases by 12% every year.

- Write a function that represents the value  $y$  (in dollars) of the car after  $t$  years.  $y = a(1-r)^t = y = 6599(1-0.12)^t$
- What is the value of the car after 2.5 years?
- What is the value of the car after 20 years?
- According to the model, when will the value of the car be zero?

$$b. y = 6599(0.88)^{2.5}$$

$$6599 [(0.88)^{2.5}]$$

$$4793.854061 = 4793.85$$

$\uparrow$

$$\begin{aligned} &4x - 4 = 3x + 3 \\ &-3x + 6 = 3x + 12 \\ &x = 9 \end{aligned}$$

c.  $y = 6599(0.88)^{20}$

$$6599 [(0.88)^{20}]$$

$$511.8368152$$

$\uparrow$

$$511.84$$

**Chapter  
6**
**Test (continued)**

Determine whether the table represents an **exponential growth function**, an **exponential decay function**, or **neither**.

<b>16.</b>	<b>x</b>	1	2	3	4
	<b>y</b>	2	8	24	128

$\times 4 \times 3 \times 5.3$

<b>17.</b>	<b>x</b>	0	1	2	3
	<b>y</b>	40	20	10	5

$\div 2 \div 2 \div 2$

Evaluate the function for the given value of  $x$ .

**18.**  $y = 2^x; x = 5$   $y = 2^5$

**19.**  $f(x) = 3(4)^x; x = -1$   
 $3(4)^{-1} = 3 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

**20.**  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(5)^x; x = 3$   
 $\frac{1}{2}(5)^3 = \frac{1}{2}(125)$

**21.**  $y = 0.5^x; x = -4$   
 $(0.5)^{-4} = (\frac{1}{2})^{-4} = (2)^4$

- 22.** The bacteria *E. coli* often cause illness among people who eat infected food. Suppose that a single *E. coli* bacterium in a batch of ground beef begins doubling every minute.

- a. Complete the table below that represents the number of bacteria after  $x$  minutes. (Assume no bacteria die.)

<b>Minutes, <math>x</math></b>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>Number of bacteria, <math>y</math></b>	1	2	4	8	16	32	64

- b. Write an equation that can be used to calculate the number of bacteria in the food after any number of minutes. (**BONUS**) **HINT: DOUBLING**

- c. How many bacteria will there be after 20 minutes?  $y = 2^{20}$

solve the equation. Check your solution.

**23.**  $3^{8x} = 3^{6x-12}$  **(-6)**

**24.**  $4^{2x} = 2^{5x+3}$  **(-3)**

**25.**  $8^{5x} = 4^{4x+7}$  **(2)**

**23**  $8x = 6x - 12$   
 $\underline{-6x} \quad \underline{-6x}$   
 $\underline{\underline{2x}} = \underline{\underline{12}}$   
 $\underline{\underline{x}} = -6$

**26.**  $125^{x-1} = 5^{3x-2}$  **(NS)**  
 $(5^3)^{x-1} = 5^{3x-2}$   
 $\underline{-3x} \quad \underline{-3x}$   
 $\underline{\underline{-3}} = \underline{\underline{-2}}$   
**Solve the equation.**

**27.**  $9^{x-6} = 729^{3(x+2)}$  **(-1.5)**

**28.**  $(\frac{1}{8})^{2x+4} = 16^{4-x}$  **(-14)**

**24**  $\underline{\underline{2x}} = \underline{\underline{5x+3}}$   
 $\underline{\underline{(2^2)}} = \underline{\underline{2}}$

**29.**  $8^{2x+1} = 1$

$8^{2x+1} = 8^0$

$\underline{\underline{2x+1}} = \underline{\underline{0}}$   
 $\underline{\underline{2x}} = \underline{\underline{-1}}$   
 $\underline{\underline{x}} = \underline{\underline{-\frac{1}{2}}}$

**30.**  $3^{8(2x-1)} = 81^{4x-2}$   
 $3^{16x-8} = (3^4)^{4x-2}$

**31.**  $(\sqrt[5]{3})^x = 3^{3x-5}$   
 $\underline{\underline{\frac{1}{5}x}} = \underline{\underline{3x-5}}$   
 $\underline{\underline{3}} = \underline{\underline{3}}$

$\frac{4x}{-5x} = \frac{5x+3}{-5x}$   
 $\underline{\underline{-x}} = \underline{\underline{3}}$   
 $\underline{\underline{x}} = \underline{\underline{-3}}$

$\frac{5}{-14} \cdot \frac{-14}{5}x = -5 \cdot \frac{5}{-14}$   
 $x = \frac{25}{14}$

**27**  $(3^2)^{x-6} = (3^6)^{x+2}$  **(25)**  
 $2x-12 = 6(3x+6)$   
 $2x-12 = 18x+36$   
 $-2x-36 = -2x-36$

$(2^3)^{5x} = (2^4)^{4x+7}$   
 $15x = 8x + 14$   
 $\underline{\underline{-8x}} = \underline{\underline{-8x}}$   
 $\underline{\underline{7x}} = \underline{\underline{14}}$

$\frac{-24}{16} = \frac{16x}{16}$   
 $-1.5 = x$

$\underline{\underline{1x}} = \underline{\underline{2}}$